THE

REHEARSAL.

1. Mr. De Foe's Attempt to Prove a Contradiction.

2. What he means by Material.

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is of the telli3. It is not only Material, but Necessary for the Whiggs to shew the Time when there was no Government in the World. Their whole Cause depends upon it.

4. The Reason why, Probably speaking, the Notion of Government or of Property had never come into the Head of Mankind, if it had not been Instituted by

5. Why we now think otherwise.

6. However the Fact is Un-Deniable, That God did first Institute Government

among Men. And that it was None of their Invention.
7. The Proof Mr. De Foe brings to shew the Time when People were without Government. Which himfelf, in the same Place, owns to be a Contradiction

WEDNESDAY, August 7th 1706.

(i.) Country man. T TOW wou'd you fet about, Mafter, to prove a Contradiction.

Rehearfal. None of Common Sense wou'd fet about it.

Country m. Have a Care, Master, you'll make Mr. De Foe Angry! He'll say, you do not Treat him as a Gentleman! For this which you think Impossible he has done! You will fed it in his Region of the 12th last will find it in his Review of the 13th last Month, Vol. 3. N. 84. p. 333. Where Re-peating a Question you Asked him, When there was a Time, that People were without any Go-vernment? Which first (says he) is a Contra-diction, and Secondly, is a thing I never Alledg'd, nor is it at all Material bere-

(2.) Rehears. By Material here he only means very Hard to Answer. For otherwise it is most Material. It is a Plain and Evident Consequence, That if People were the Oriinal of Government, there must have been a Time when there was no Government, that is, before the first Erection of Government by the People.

(3.) These men say, That Government was the Invention of the People, for their own Convenience; arising from the Experience they had found of the Mischiefs in their Natural and Independent state. It must have taken some Time then to Gain this Experience. And if Government was an Invention of Men, it was not Invented before it was Invented. And there was no Government before it was Invented. Therefore there must have been a Time when there was no Government among Men. And it is not only very Material, but even Necessary for those who support this Hypochesis, to shew that Time. Because it is Deny'd by those who Assert the Jure Divino Doctrin. And they Undertake to shew, That it was never so in Fast. And there-

fore they have Deduc'd Government from Adam, and all the way Down to this Day. They Appeal to Fast on their side, as Attested and Recorded in the Holy Scriptures of God. And they Absolutely Deny the Fact of Government being set up by the People, they fay it is a meer Invention and Chimera, and cannot be flew'd by any History or Authority in the World. This makes them Ask the Time when Government BEGAN among Men, and Consequently the Time before that, when there was no Government. And to fay, as Mr. De Fee here, That this is not Material, is a total giving up of the Que-fion, and shewing, That they have Nothing to fay! They set up a Dream against all the Fast and Authority in the World, even of the Scripinges themselves!

(4:) I am of Opinion that if God had not Instituted Government at the Beginning, it had never come into the Head of any Man to fet it up. The Notion or Thought of that thing call'd Government had never been. And no Necessity or Inconvenience cou'd have Intro-duc'd it. Every Man wou'd have Secur'd himself, the best he cou'd, from the Violence of others, as it is among the Birds and Beafts. And if Mankind had, like them, been Created in Multitudes, and Independent of Each other, they had Liv'd like them, and the World wou'd have been one General Common for them all. There had been no fuch thing as Property to any Particular exclusive of the Rest, for that is Built upon Authority, as I have shew'd in my last. And if any one had offer'd to Inclose any Part of the General Common to Himself, whether he came First or Last to it, it might have been Constru'd a Breach of the Right of the Common, and the Rest had as Good Right to Dis-Possess him, as he had to Enclose upon his own Head.

(5.) But there has been always Government and Amberity, and Property Grounded upon that, from the Beginning. And Mankind have all along been fully Posses'd of the Notion of Government. And therefore Fancy they cou'd have found it out of to fay for themselves. And this is a themselves, tho' it had never been Reveal'd he calls your Bullying him, when you pro him to Answer, and he has no Mind to't! Inventers and Original of Government! But as no Method cou'd Possibly be found out whereby every Individual, under no Govern-ment or Authority, cou'd give his Vote; be-fides the new Difficulty of Obliging their Posterities; (of which I spoke in my Last) And that no Obligation as to Conscience cou'd thence be Founded to any Government, every Man having the fame Natural Right to Retract his Confent, as to Give it, unless we will Debarr Men from Second Thoughts, and Considering better of things: I say that notwithstanding of all these Points (on which I have largely Insisted before) I still Question whether the Notion of Government had ever enter'd into the Head of any Man in the World, if God had not Instituted it at the Beginning. How shou'd I Fancy that so many Thousand Men shou'd give up their Lives and Liberties to the Arbitrary Disposal of any? As it must be in all Governments, of what Sort or Kind soever.

And wou'd not every Man think Himself as sit to be Entrusted with this Power as Another? But I believe the Notion of any fuch Power at all had never come into their Heads, they saw no Example of it among their fellow Creatures, and wou'd have thought they had been Ordain'd to Live as they faw it among them.

(6.) Country-m. Whether it wou'd have been so or not is not Material; Since we find the Fast plain otherwise, That Government was Instituted of God at the Beginning, and did not come from the Vote or Confent of the People. For it was Instituted before any Man or Woman was Born in the World. It was not left to their Invention. GOD Instituted GOVERNMENT betwirt Adam and Eve, gave Him the Dominion over Her, and Commanded Her to be Subjett unto Him. She was Deduc'd out of Him, and made as an Help meet for Him. No Wife ever fince had such Tyes of Subjettion from Nature and Reason. But God wou'd not leave it there. These might have been Disputed. Therefore God interposes His own Positive Institution. And that Ends all Controverses. This was the first Invention of Government among Mankind. And it was not the Invention either of Adam or Evo, but of God Himself, And whether they or any others wou'd have found it out, may be, as you say, a great Question. But however it is Plain they did not find it out, but that it was the Positive Institution of God. And you have Deduc'd it from that Day to this, through all the Po-ferities of Adam. To which no one Word upon Dun. has been Answer'd, and De Foe Confesses

plainly, That he will not Enter upon the Argument with you, which is giving up the whole Cause. And must Appear to to any Man of Common Sense. Was ever a Cause to Expos'd before? They have not a World for themselves. And this is the sense of the sense to fay for themselves. And this is what he calls your Bullying him, when you Proselv

(7.) But Mafter will you hear his Argu. ment to Prove what himself owns to be a Contradiction, that is, That there was a Time when People were without any Govern. ment. This he owns to be a Contradiction. And prefently Adds, p. 333. To prove when People were without Government the Scripture is plain in it. When there was no King in Israel, but every Man did what was Right in

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(3.) King w fays,

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Rehearf. Is Mr. De Foe then come at last to think that there can be no Government where there is not a King? Else what be-

comes of his Argument?

But in the next place, suppose Govern. ment shou'd be lost for a time among one Set of People, what is this to the World and to Mankind? For our Enquiry is about the Beginning of Government in the World. And if it Came First from the People, then there must have been a Time when there was no Government at all in the World, or any Part of it. Which our Popular Orators must shew, or Shamefully Onit their Cause. But they can Prove Castradictions!

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